

Dr. Maisch

Any Column, Any Size, Any Media



ReproSil-XR

eXtRa High Purity Phases

MADE BY DR. MAISCH

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- P 5 - REPRODUCIBILITY AND PERFORMANCE
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**REPOSIL-XR
MADE BY DR. MAISCH**

From one of the biggest **H**igh-**P**erformance
Liquid **C**hromatography (HPLC/UPLC) -
Column Manufacturers in Europe.

Choose Wisely - ReproSil-XR

Dr. Maisch HPLC GmbH sets a new standard in HPLC columns. We make everything - from the silica particle to the finished product. Our streamlined manufacturing process allows delivery of the highest performance at an exceptional value!

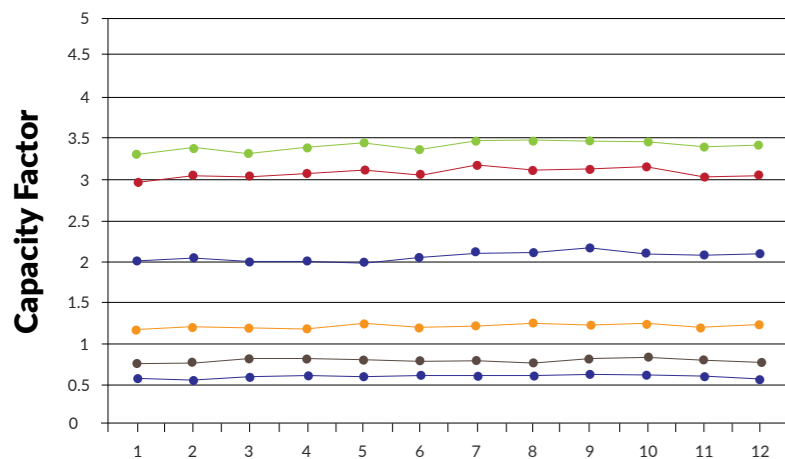
eXtRa high quality HPLC phases

Extra High purity silica and uniform bonded phase coverage translates to symmetrical peaks for acids/bases, and predictable reversed phase selectivity. Whether routine analysis or new method developments, use ReproSil XR columns to get premium performance for a low budget.

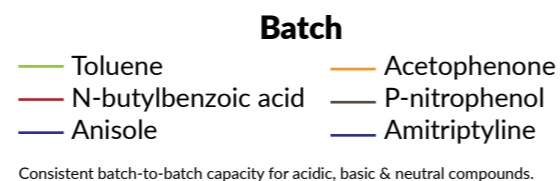
ReproSil-XR	Specifications
Modifications	Silica, C18, C18(MS), C8, Phenyl, CN, SCX, SAX
Endcapping	(for C18, C8, Phenyl)
Surface area	250 m ² /g , 100 m ² /g
Pore size	120 Å, 300 Å
Particle size	1.5, 3, 3.5, 5, 7 and 10 µm

Reproducible Methods Start with Reproducible Columns

Highly Reproducible Selectivity

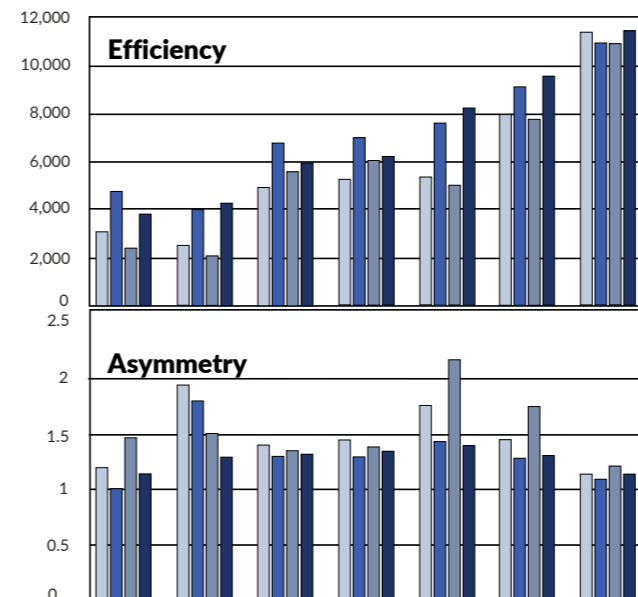


Tightly controlled silica synthesis and carefully performed bonding result in minimum variations of selectivity and capacity factors.

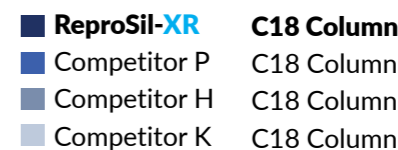


Consistent batch-to-batch capacity for acidic, basic & neutral compounds.

Expect competitive performance

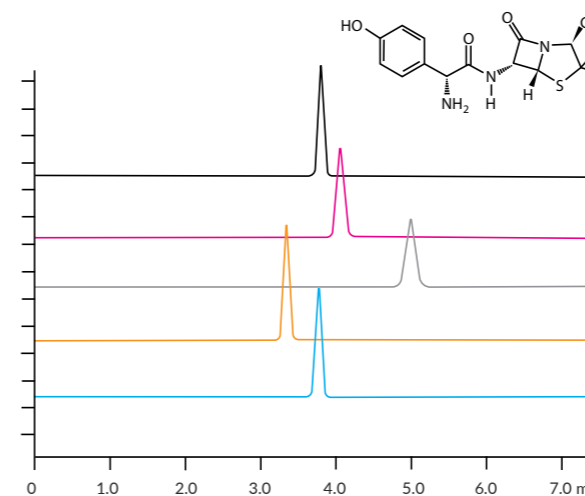


Efficient manufacturing processes are the driving force for competitive pricing. But certainly not at the risk of competitive performance. ReproSil-XR columns show similar or better efficiency and asymmetry for challenging basic and acidic compounds compared to industry leading LC columns.



ReproSil-XR columns compares favorable to leading competitor columns.

Amoxicillin (U.S.P.)



Column: ReproSil-XR 120 C18, 5 µm, 120 Å, 250 x 4.6 mm, (PN: rx15.9e.s2546)

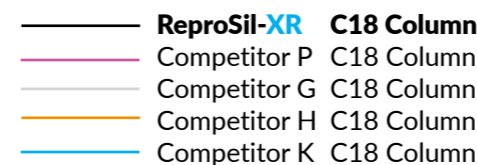
Mobile phase: Isocratic, 50 mM KH₂PO₄, pH 5 : MeCN 96:4 (v:v)

Flow rate: 1.5 ml/min

Detector: UV at 230 nm

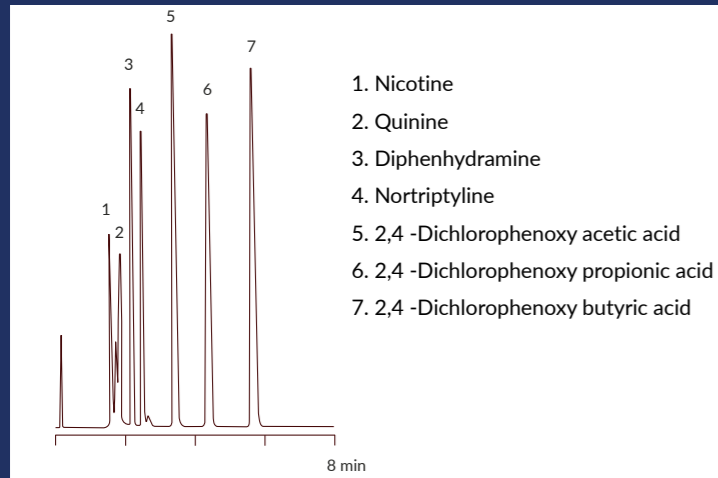
Column temp: 30° C

Injection vol: 10 µl



	ReproSil-XR C18	Comp P C18	Comp G C18	Comp H C18	Comp K C18
Theoretical plates	8650	7240	6230	7060	7680
Tailing factor	1.0	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.0

Standards Mix



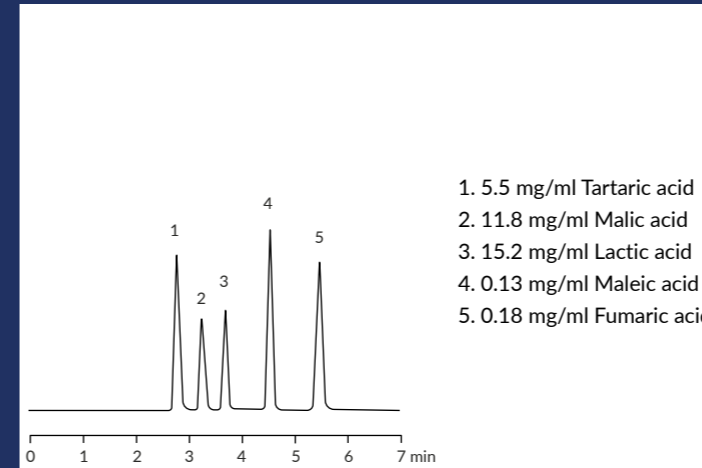
- 1. Nicotine
- 2. Quinine
- 3. Diphenhydramine
- 4. Nortriptyline
- 5. 2,4 -Dichlorophenoxy acetic acid
- 6. 2,4 -Dichlorophenoxy propionic acid
- 7. 2,4 -Dichlorophenoxy butyric acid

Column: **ReproSil-XR** 120 C18, 5 µm, 120 Å, 150 x 4.6 mm (PN: rx15.9e.s1546)

Mobile phase: MeCN : 50 mM KH₂PO₄ 50:50 (v:v) pH 3 at 35°C

Baseline resolution challenging separations.

Organic Acids



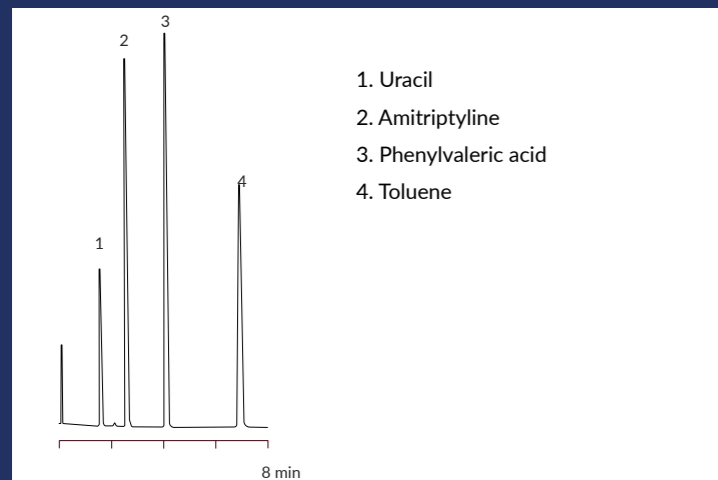
- 1. 5.5 mg/ml Tartaric acid
- 2. 11.8 mg/ml Malic acid
- 3. 15.2 mg/ml Lactic acid
- 4. 0.13 mg/ml Maleic acid
- 5. 0.18 mg/ml Fumaric acid

Column: **ReproSil-XR** 120 C18, 5 µm, 120 Å, 150 x 4.6 mm (PN: rx15.9e.s1546)

Mobile phase: 25 mM KH₂PO₄ : MeOH 97:3 (v:v)

Flow rate: 0.7 ml/min
Detector: UV at 220 nm
Injection vol: 1 µl

Acids, Bases and Neutrals



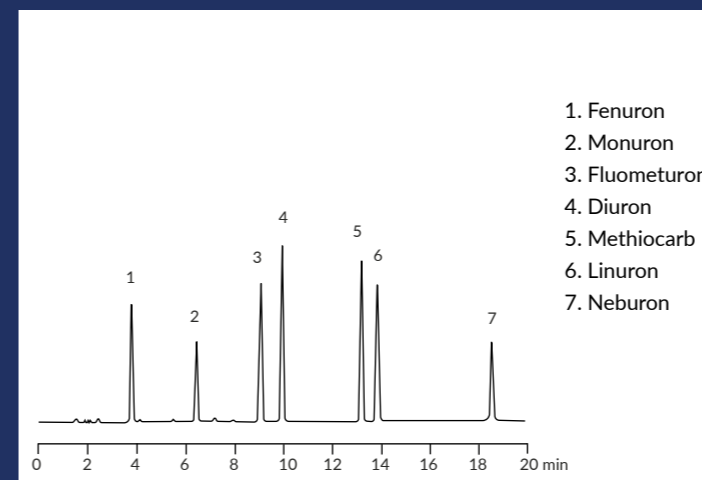
- 1. Uracil
- 2. Amitriptyline
- 3. Phenylvaleric acid
- 4. Toluene

Column: **ReproSil-XR** 120 C18, 5 µm, 120 Å, 150 x 4.6 mm (PN: rx15.9e.s1546)

Mobile phase: MeCN : 50 mM KH₂PO₄ 50:50 (v:v) pH 3 at 35°C

Symmetric peaks for acids and bases.

Carbamate & Urea



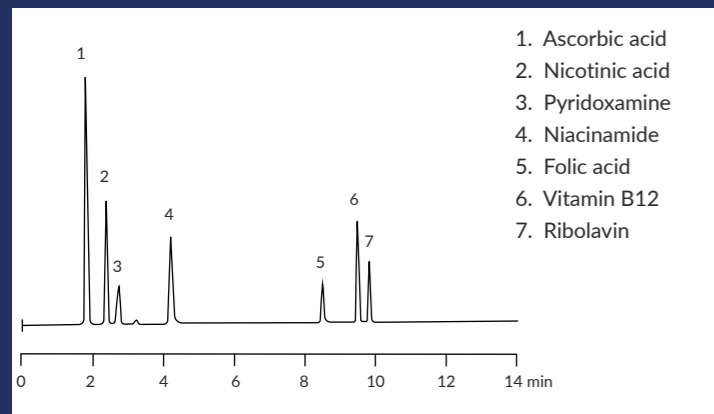
- 1. Fenuron
- 2. Monuron
- 3. Fluometuron
- 4. Diuron
- 5. Methiocarb
- 6. Linuron
- 7. Neburon

Column: **ReproSil-XR** 120 C18, 5 µm, 120 Å, 150 x 4.6 mm (PN: rx15.9e.s1546)

Mobile phase: **A:** 25 mM KH₂PO₄ pH 3.2
B: MeCN

Gradient: (Time, %B): (0,30), (20,60)
Flow rate: 1.0 ml/min
Detector: UV at 240 nm
Injection vol: 10 µl

Water Soluble Vitamins



- 1. Ascorbic acid
- 2. Nicotinic acid
- 3. Pyridoxamine
- 4. Niacinamide
- 5. Folic acid
- 6. Vitamin B12
- 7. Ribolavin

Column: **ReproSil-XR** 120 C18, 5 µm, 120 Å, 150 x 4.6 mm (PN: rx15.9e.s1546)

Mobile phase: **A:** 100 mM NH₄H₂PO₄ Buffer, pH 4.5
B: MeCN

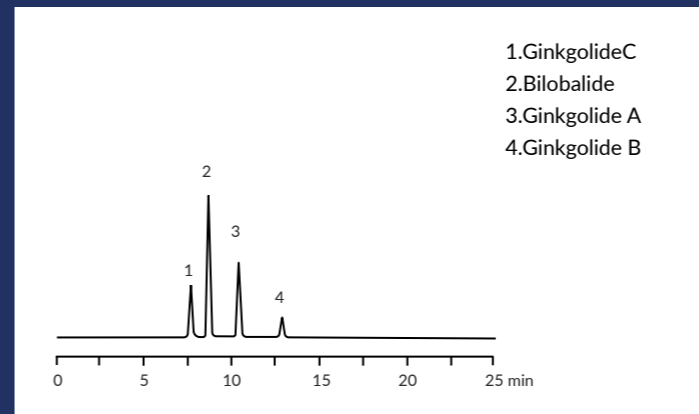
Gradient: (Time, %B): (0,5), (4,5), (10,40), (15,40)

Flow rate: 1.0 mL/min

Detector: UV at 254 nm

Injection vol: 2 µl

Folium Ginkgo



- 1. Ginkgolide C
- 2. Bilobalide
- 3. Ginkgolide A
- 4. Ginkgolide B

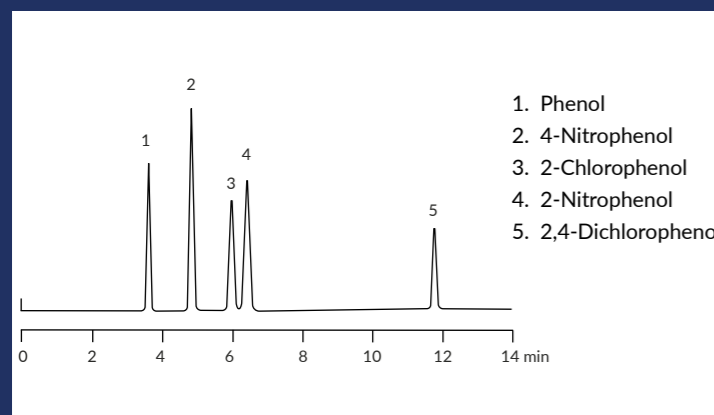
Column: **ReproSil-XR** 120 C18, 5 µm, 120 Å, 150 x 4.6 mm (PN: rx15.9e.s1546)

Mobile phase: MeOH:THF:H₂O 25:10:65 (v:v:v)

Flow rate: 1.0 ml/min

Detector: ELSD

Phenols



- 1. Phenol
- 2. 4-Nitrophenol
- 3. 2-Chlorophenol
- 4. 2-Nitrophenol
- 5. 2,4-Dichlorophenol

Column: **ReproSil-XR** 120 C18, 5 µm, 120 Å, 150 x 4.6 mm (PN: rx15.9e.s1546)

Mobile phase: **A:** 1% CH₃COOH in H₂O
B: 1% CH₃COOH in MeOH

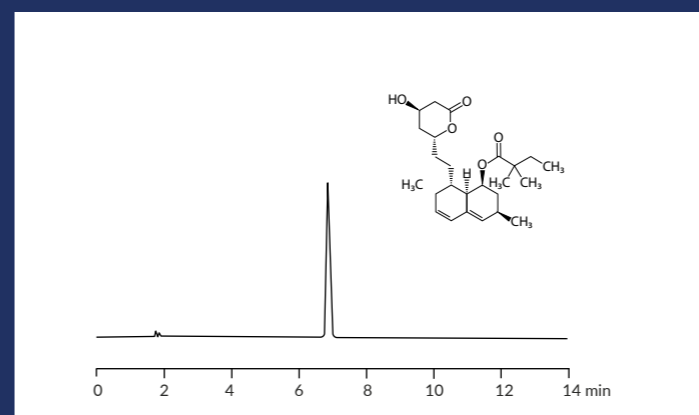
Gradient: (Time, %B): (0,45), (6,45), (8,60), (15,80)

Flow rate: 1.0 mL/min

Detector: UV at 280 nm

Injection vol: 10 µl

Simvastatin Tablets (U.S.P)



Column: **ReproSil-XR** 120 C18, 5 µm, 120 Å, 250 x 4.6 mm (PN: rx15.9e.s2546)

Mobile phase: 0.39% KH₂PO₄ pH 4.5 : MeCN 35:65 (v:v)

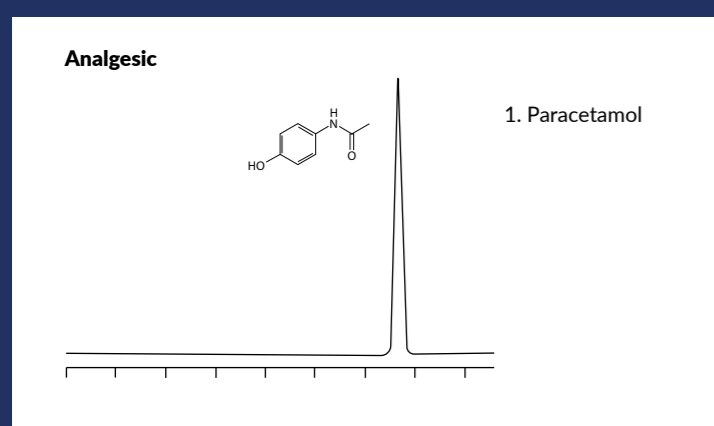
Flow rate: 1.5 ml/min

Detector: UV at 238 nm

Column temp: 45°C

Injection vol: 10 µl

Paracetamol effervescent tablets on chinese pharmacopeia assay



Analgesic

- 1. Paracetamol

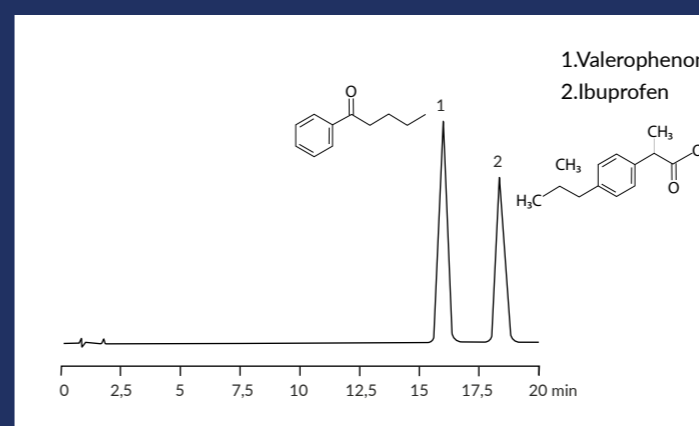
Column: **ReproSil-XR** 120 C18, 5 µm, 120 Å, 250 x 4.6 mm (PN: rx15.9e.s2546)

Mobile phase: KH₂PO₄ : MeOH 80:20 (v:v)

Flow rate: 1.0 mL/min

Detector: UV at 254 nm

Ibuprofen (U.S.P.)



- 1. Valerophenone
- 2. Ibuprofen

Column: **ReproSil-XR** 120 C18, 5 µm, 120 Å, 150 x 4.6 mm (PN: rx15.9e.s1546)

Mobile phase: H₂O (adjusted with H₃PO₄ to a pH of 2.5) : MeCN 65:35 (v:v)

Flow rate: 2 ml/min

Detector: UV at 214 nm

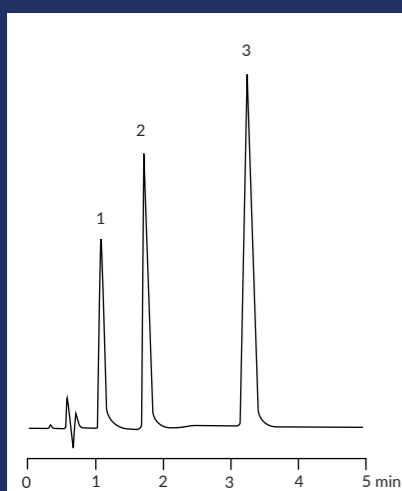
Injection vol: 5 µl

Difficult acids/bases or chelates? No Problem!

Outstanding features of ReproSil-XR

High Polarity:	Different selectivity to current phases.
High Base Retention:	Uses high % organic: helps MS detection.
Acids, Bases, Chelates:	All the benefits of pure silica.
100% Aqueous Stability:	Resists phase collapse.
Compatible with MS buffers:	Good with volatile buffers.
High Stability:	No embedded phase to limit stability.
Low MS bleed:	Helps MS Detection.

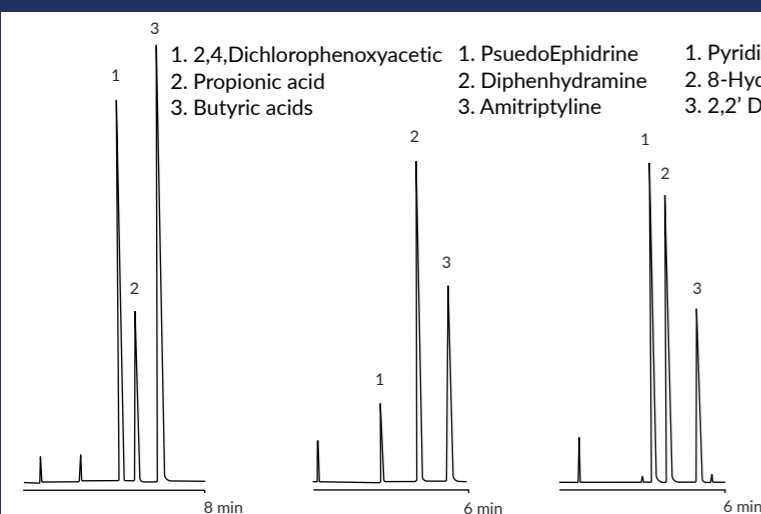
Separate Highly Basic Components at Neutral PH



1. Phenylephrine
2. Diphenhydramine
3. Amitriptyline

Column: ReproSil-XR 120 C18MS, 1.5 µm, 120 Å, 50 x 2.0 mm
Mobile phase: (PN: rx115.9ms.s0502) 50mM NH₄COOH, pH 7: MeOH (20:80)
Column Temp: 40°C
Flow rate: 0.2mL/min
Detector: UV at 210nm

Excellent Peak Shape for Acids, Bases and Chelates

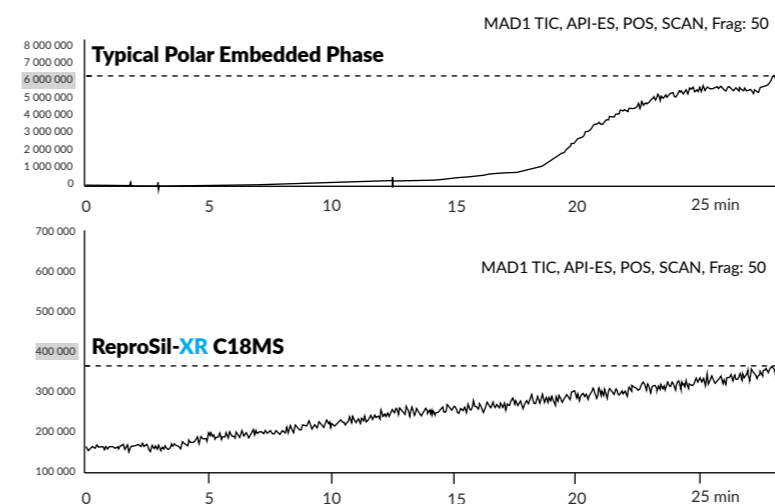


1. PsuedoEphidrine
2. Diphenhydramine
3. Amitriptyline

Column: ReproSil-XR 120 C18MS, 5 µm, 120 Å, 150 x 4.6 mm
Mobile phase: (PN: rx15.9ms.s1546) 50% MeCN : 50% 50 mM
Column Temp: KH₂PO₄ pH 3,
Flow rate: 35°C

MS Bleeding reduced by Factor 17

Comparison of MS Bleeding

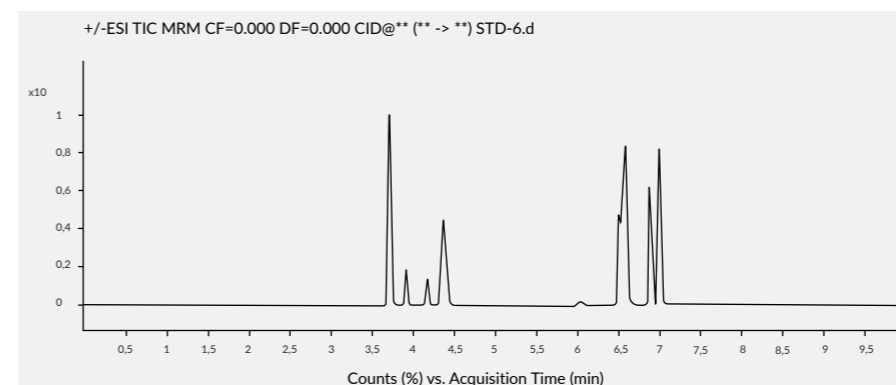


ReproSil-XR 120 C18MS shows minimal bleed when used in LC/MS with TFA gradients. The first trace shows bleed levels typical of polar embedded/encapped product.

4 Important Benefits

- Higher methanol level for improved MS sensitivity
- 2.5 x lower ammonium formate entering the MS (10% aqueous vs. 25%)
- Half the backpressure due to lower viscosity.
- Faster analysis due to the potential to use higher flowrate without excessive backpressure.

Pesticides



Fragmentor Voltage 150 Collision Energy 45 Ionization Mode ESI

Column: ReproSil-XR 120 C18MS, 1.5µm, 120 Å, 10 x 2mm
Mobile phase: A: H₂O
 B: MeCN
Gradient:

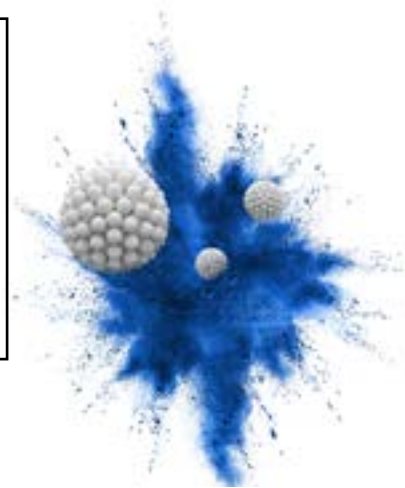
A:	0	2	3	5	6	8	8.1	10
B:	5	5	35	35	95	95	5	5

Flow rate: 0.4ml/min
Detector: 6400 Series Triple Quadrupole

Dr. Maisch

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